

## LADY MOLESWORTH, STUNG BY WASP, DIES

American Woman, Subject to Heart Disease, Succumbs in 20 Minutes.

### CASE INTERESTS DOCTORS

Insect's Poison Is Thought to Be Only Secondary Cause.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
LONDON, Sept. 26.—Lady Molesworth, formerly Miss Jane Graham Frost, daughter of the late Brig.-Gen. Daniel M. Frost, U. S. A., of St. Louis, and widow of Sir Lewis William Molesworth, was stung on the jugular vein by a wasp at her home in Cornwall early today and died in twenty minutes. She was 57 years old.

A coroner's jury found that Lady Molesworth had died from heart failure, which was caused by the sting of the insect. The verdict was based on evidence given by physicians.

Miss Lily Frost, a sister of the dead woman, testified that Lady Molesworth was sitting in the drawing room when the wasp stung her in the neck. She went upstairs immediately and applied ammonia to the wound. When she returned she complained of palpitation of the heart. Miss Frost rushed out of the room to get some brandy, but when she returned she found that her sister had fainted. She called a doctor at once, but Lady Molesworth died before he arrived. This was about twenty minutes after she had been stung.

### Her Heart Was Weak.

Dr. Sharp testified that Lady Molesworth's heart was not very strong and the exertion of running upstairs caused the blood to circulate more freely and assisted in the distribution of the poison. The sting had penetrated one of the large veins of the neck.

The case is attracting general attention. Medical men say it is probable that Lady Molesworth was sympathetic to wasp poison, which in that case would act as a virulent heart depressant. The fact that the sting was inflicted in a large vein would greatly increase the fatality to death. It is almost invariably found when death from this cause has been sudden that the sting has been in a large vein. This suggests that the poison goes quickly and directly to the heart and causes paralysis of that organ. Nevertheless, there have been very few cases where the heart has been affected by a wasp's sting. Most healthy persons who are stung do not suffer, except at the point where the sting is inflicted.

A recognized authority on poisons said last night that he had never heard of a case similar to that of Lady Molesworth as reported in the London despatches. He said that the power of such poisons to kill or to cause serious trouble depended upon the injection of the poison. If the poison were injected in full directly into a vein, he said, it would have about the same effect as if it were injected directly into the heart. He said that as a serious matter, usually, he said, the poisons of insects were injected in such a way as to dissipate part of the poison in the tissues, thus reducing the effect of the poison.

Even granted that all the poison of a wasp were injected into a vein so that it should reach the heart, this expert said that death within so brief a time as given in the despatches would be, at least, unusual if attributable to the insect poison alone.

### Her Wedding in 1875.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 24.—A cablegram announcing the death of Lady Molesworth was received this morning by John M. Lee, attorney. The message was signed by Miss Lily Frost of Florence, Italy, who was with her sister at the time.

Lady Molesworth, the widow of Sir Lewis William Molesworth, Bart., before her marriage was Miss Jane Graham Frost, second daughter of Brig.-Gen. Daniel Marsh Frost, U. S. A., of St. Louis.

Lady Molesworth's wedding in 1875 was a brilliant St. Louis event. She was beautiful and numbered among her relatives some of the oldest and wealthiest families of St. Louis. The wedding followed a romance that began when the Englishman came to St. Louis. He and Graham Frost, her brother, who had been a classmate at Cheltenham College, Lady Molesworth was 19 years of age and her husband a scant year older when they were married.

Lady Molesworth's husband died suddenly a year ago after an attack of cerebral hemorrhage. Sir Lewis was an English baronet. His estate, one of the largest in the country, consists of about 20,000 acres in Cornwall. He was justice of the peace for the county of Cornwall and high sheriff in 1899.

### TO PROBE LABOR DISPUTE.

"Jim" Larkin May Be Ousted as Head of Transport Union.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
DUBLIN, Sept. 26.—A court of inquiry into the labor dispute will be opened here on Monday. The court will be composed of Lord George Albion, of the Board of Trade, Sir Thomas Russell-Edwards, who has been a member of many conciliation and arbitration boards, and J. R. Clynes, a prominent labor member of Parliament.

The employers have refused to accept the proposal of the Lord Mayor for an arbitration board to settle the trouble and the establishment of a permanent joint board of trade, a basis to be reached by the reinstatement of the present strikers and an undertaking by the Transport Workers Union that the employers who submit now will not be bothered with strikes for two years. The T. W. U. was ready to accept the proposal. The employers are now accused of aiming rather to oust Jim Larkin from control of the Transport Workers Union than to settle the dispute.

### ITALIAN ELECTIONS OCT. 26.

Illustrates Will Vote This Year for First Time.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
ROME, Sept. 26.—The general election, at which for the first time all males, even illiterates, will have reached the age of 21, will be allowed to vote, has been fixed for October 26.

### ISADORA DUNCAN IN ROME.

Tells of Horrors She Witnessed as a Greek Army Nurse.

ROME, Sept. 26.—Isadora Duncan, the dancer, who went to the scene of the Balkan war to recover from her depression resulting from the death of two of her children in an automobile accident in Paris, arrived in Rome today and related her experiences as a nurse with the Greek army.

Miss Duncan went through several bad times and said that the horrors and sufferings she witnessed made her own sorrow seem slight. She said that her stay in the Balkans for the purpose of saving herself from her own thoughts was a success.

Miss Duncan is a guest here of Messrs. Duse, the Italian actress.

## The Laurel House of Lakewood

Open October 1st

Famous for cuisine and homelike comforts.

Extensive improvements since last season.

Representative in attendance, and also at 389 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

A. J. MURPHY, Manager.

C. V. MURPHY, Ass't Manager.

## SPEND \$575,000 FOR

### "CANCER" ELEMENTS

German Cities Give That Sum for Radium and Mesothorium.

LOCAL M. D.'S SCEPTICAL

Little Use of the New Substance Yet Made in United States.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

Berlin, Sept. 26.—Up to the present time German cities and State governments have appropriated \$575,000 for the purchase of radium and mesothorium, the new element now being used in the treatment of cancer.

The Prussian Government voted \$20,000 for this purpose. Berlin appropriated \$60,000, Frankfurt \$45,000, Bremen \$40,000, Magdeburg \$35,000 and a dozen cities \$25,000 each. It is expected that more than a million dollars will soon be available, which is about the value of the world's available supply. All that was available in Paris and London has already been purchased.

Many warning voices are being raised against plunging into heavy expense before it has been definitely established that mesothorium will cure cancer, but the keen rivalry of various institutions to secure all of the new element available at any price whatever is sending the price up to such a point that it is only by making available experiments at many such places that the value of the new substance can be demonstrated, as the price includes private individuals from buying it.

### Mesothorium Not Used Here.

Mesothorium is not being used to any extent at present by American investigators, according to the statements of various New York experts yesterday.

These experts give a somewhat different view of the ray producing material that is given in the despatches received here from Berlin and London. New York authorities say the ray producing properties of mesothorium were discovered at approximately the time of the discovery of radium.

A well informed New York physician told a Sun reporter yesterday:

"Mesothorium is cheaper than radium at present. Reports put the price at \$50,000 a gram. But mesothorium cannot be obtained in large quantities by present methods. There is no reason why the price of radium should be so high except that the Austrian Government has a practical monopoly on it and the Austrian Government acts slowly."

### Does Same Thing as Radium.

As far as the curative properties of mesothorium rays in the treatment of cancer are concerned, New York experts are not yet satisfied as to the value of the use of the rays which go to make up X-ray. They say that, according to the experiments of the German interested, mesothorium will do the same thing that radium will; but they are not yet satisfied of the permanent value of radium.

One said yesterday radium and the other methods of using the gamma rays had cured, apparently, superficial cancer on the skin. As for more serious forms of cancer, however, he said that when a member of his own family was concerned he would insist upon an operation unless the cancer was determined to be incurable by the means of the knife. In a case where there would be everything to gain and nothing to lose by experimenting with the new method.

### MANOEL'S BRIDE UNIMPROVED.

Removal to Sigmaringen Won't Be Accomplished for Long Time.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

Berlin, Sept. 26.—Unofficial reports received here from Munich say the condition of the bride of ex-King Manoel of Portugal has not improved but is still without any fever. The doctors say she must take a long rest.

She receives only a few visitors in addition to her husband. She is still at the palace of Princess Friedrich of Hohenzollern and it is said that her removal to her father's palace at Sigmaringen will be impossible for some time.

The father of the throneless queen is said to be deeply concerned over his daughter's condition and the mystification as to the true cause of her illness continues.

### EMPEROR GREETS MR. PENFIELD

New Ambassador to Austria Hungary Received.

VIENNA, Sept. 26.—Frederic Courtland Penfield of New York, the new United States Ambassador, was received in audience by Emperor Francis Joseph today. He presented his credentials. The State coaches were used and elaborate ceremony was held at the Imperial Palace.

### ITALIAN ELECTIONS OCT. 26.

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### SOLDIER KILLS TWO COMRADES.

German Caught Stealing at Parnham Barracks Shoots Himself.

Berlin, Sept. 26.—While attempting to catch a soldier whom they detected in the act of stealing two soldiers were killed and another severely wounded last night at Parnham.

The robber upon detection fled to an attic of the barracks, taking two ornate revolvers with him. When his pursuers came upon him he opened fire, killing two, wounding another and then took his own life.

## LIBERALS TO DISCUSS HOME RULE TO-DAY

Cabinet Members May Decide on a General Conference, as Suggested.

### ULSTER PARADE TO-DAY

Important Gathering of Unionists Scheduled for To-morrow.

### Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—A conference which will have a most important bearing on the future of home rule will begin at Brodick Castle, on the Isle of Arran, in southwest Scotland, to-day at the residence of Percy Innes, the chief Liberal whip. Premier Asquith arrived there yesterday. Asquith is suggested by the Exchequer Lloyd George will join him to-day. Winston Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, possibly will join the other leading members of the Cabinet later on.

Nothing can be learned as to the nature of the discussions at this conference, but the common view is that they will turn mainly on the question of following Lord Lansdowne's suggestion of a general conference of the leaders of all parties on the Irish question.

It is natural that at such a moment interest should be aroused in a statement which appears in the *Nation*, the principal Radical weekly, which is credited with having the best sources of information in Government quarters. A writer in that publication says:

"I hear that the prospects of a conference on the Irish question have considerably improved in the last few days, and it is now almost certain that a conference will ultimately take place. The more circumstantial statements on the subject which have appeared in the press may be dismissed as merely intelligent guesses, but the minds of the leaders on both sides are moving in the direction indicated is absolutely certain."

### James Bryce in Belfast.

Another incident which is attracting attention is the fact that James Bryce, former Ambassador to the United States, visited Belfast yesterday. It may be recalled that he was formerly Chief Secretary for Ireland and is suggested by the Government is availing itself of his experience to get first hand impressions of the Ulster movement. It is quite unlikely, however, whether or not this is so. Mr. Bryce himself is an Ulsterman and has relatives and friends in Belfast. The visit perhaps only concerned them, although it is reported that some of the leading Government supporters there before he left for Dublin in the evening. There is an unconfirmed report that he will return to Belfast to witness the parade of the Ulster Volunteers.

All the attention of the northern capital is focused on this evening. Sir Edward Carson, the leader of the Ulster men, has recovered from his illness and will attend as he promised. He was again busy to-day with the affairs of the provisional government and saw many prominent men, with whom he discussed the details of the movement.

The inspection of the volunteers is fixed for 3 P. M., but various detachments will be concentrating throughout the afternoon on the parade ground at Balmoral, a suburb of Belfast. All the officers who have hitherto appointed will be present, and Gen. Richardson will command the would-be soldiers.

There has been an immense demand for tickets to view the parade. About 25,000 were issued and all of these were quickly taken.

### A Big Day Sunday.

Sunday will also be a great day. It will be called "Ulster Day," being the anniversary of the signing of the solemn league and covenant. Special interesting services will be held in eighty-five churches representing the Church of Ireland, Presbyterians, Methodists, Congregationalists, Baptists and Moravians. There will be a special commemorative service at Ulster Hall in the afternoon, when Sir Edward Carson and the other leaders of the Ulster Unionists will attend. Clergy of all Protestant denominations will participate in the service.

Orangemen lough at the threat of John Macdonald Robertson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade, in a speech on Thursday, to tie up the post office. They declare that no British Government would dare do any such thing in view of the immense English influence involved, but it did the provisional government would be able to cope with the situation through the Ulster Signaling Corps.

Further details as to the guarantee fund of \$5,000,000 which is being raised by the Ulster Unionists are withheld for the present, but it is predicted that when the executive committee meets on September 30 to deal with the fund it will be able to announce that it has reached or nearly reached \$5,000,000.

### Insurance Market Affected.

The inauguration of this fund has already affected the London insurance market. Several companies have been made by potential donors as to what terms would be offered to cover prospective liabilities. The market, however, is expected to remain steady in view of the fact that the liability will begin when the fund reaches \$5,000,000. A quota of ten guineas per cent for a small amount is the only limit set.

The radical press continue to print reports of what they call "the Carson circus." The Belfast correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* alleges that a majority of the people there are taking only the mildest interest in the doings of the "provisional government." Many Unionists are said to be disgusted and some threaten to secede. Others are merely sitting on the fence. They see that the campaign is heading for the rocks and realize the fact that it has reached a point where it is impossible to turn back. They are, however, not without a certain amount of tomfoolery, but their material interests compel them to lie low and refrain from criticism.

### POLICE FEAR MILITANTS.

Precautions Against Attack on Cabinet Members To-day.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The Standard prints conspicuously a report that the holiday truce of the suffragettes is coming to a close and that Miss Christabel Pankhurst is preparing to direct a new campaign from Paris.

The police at Brodick, on the Isle of Arran, where an important Liberal conference will begin to-day, have taken special precautions to protect Premier Asquith and Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George. These precautions are said to have provided a demonstration by the militants when the Premier arrived there yesterday. One woman in the crowd which witnessed his arrival shouted "Votes for women."

A nocturnal destruction of some of the greens of the Aberlady golf links is attributed to an erroneous local statement that Premier Asquith was going to play there.

## GET FREE TRIPS ON OLYMPIC.

Two Passengers for Queenstown Must Be Carried Over and Back.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 26.—The passengers who were left behind here yesterday by the Olympic because of heavy weather are now on their way to New York on the Adriatic. Before this vessel sailed they had recovered from their disgruntled feelings and were pleased with the special accommodations provided for them.

The White Star Company will lose by the presence of two involuntary passengers on the Olympic. They boarded the liner at Liverpool and were bound for this port. As the vessel could not land them here they will be carried to New York and the company will have to bring them back here again.

Before the Adriatic sailed the passengers who were booked on the Olympic received a courteous reply from the White Star Company to their telegram of protest at being left behind. The company expressed regret at the fact that the vessel was unable to embark them and blamed the course of a captain on the weather which made it impossible for him to take any other action.

Oswald Sanderson, the president of the White Star company, indorses the action of Captain Haddock, the Olympic's skipper, who declined to take any blame for the matter. They did not wish to antagonize the passengers, the mail contract, but were convinced that it would be most dangerous for big ships to enter Queenstown in rough weather and they did not intend to take chances.

Many of the passengers are inconvenienced by their lack of baggage, which was shipped on the Olympic at Liverpool. Captain Haddock, however, is believed to be determined not to worry and would make the best of things.

Justice Cohan of New York, who was one of the passengers, is believed to be in the best of health. He is accompanied by one of his sons and one of his daughters.

## DENIES POST WHEELER SOUGHT TO DEFRAUD

Italian Government Issues Statement Completely Vindicating U. S. Embassy Secretary.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

ROME, Sept. 26.—The Italian Government has denied the rumors to the effect that Post Wheeler, the secretary of the American Embassy at Rome, was sought to be defrauded by the Italian Government. The statement is completely vindicating U. S. Embassy Secretary.

Post Wheeler, secretary of the American Embassy at Rome, was summoned to Washington to answer the charge of violating diplomatic courtesies by importing gasoline for his friends in Rome, arrived last night by the White Star liner Baltic.

He was accompanied by his wife, formerly Miss Hallie Erminie Rivers. Mr. Wheeler dodged in and out of two state rooms to avoid reporters and finally, when met by one, declared that he had nothing to say. He went directly to Washington.

## PEGUOD LOOPS THE LOOP AGAIN.

French Aviator Turns Two Sensational Somersaults in England.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Alphonse Peguod, the French aviator, again thrilled the spectators at the Brooklands aviation grounds today by his sensational flights. He flew upside down, dived straight toward the earth, then righted the machine and ascended, after which he "looped the loop" twice.

Peguod first ascended to a height of about 6,000 feet. Then he pointed the nose of his machine toward the earth, earth. He dodged in and out of two state rooms to avoid reporters and finally, when met by one, declared that he had nothing to say. He went directly to Washington.

Then he looped the loop twice, one movement following the other, after which he righted the machine and came down.

## EMPEROR REACHES PLYMOUTH

Runs into Fierce Wind Storm, but Behaves Well.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

PLYMOUTH, Sept. 26.—The steamship Emperor, from New York, which arrived here today, averaged 22.95 knots for the entire trip.

She lost thirty miles on Tuesday owing to a fierce wind storm which blew at the time she was in the Channel. She stood out to sea in the morning and was blown back to the shore by the weather in splendid fashion. She did not roll at all, but pitched some.

## FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

BERLIN.—Preliminary steps for an investigation of the operations of the "tobacco trust" in connection with the German cigarette industry have been taken by the Government. The Secretary of State for the Interior says the Government has long had its eyes on the operations of the "trust."

MILAN.—A discussion on the various methods of curing habitual drunkards occupied the international Congress on Alcoholism, the delegates endeavoring to discover the best scientific and practical remedy.

ST. PETERSBURG.—The new Chinese Foreign Minister reopened negotiations with the Russian Foreign Minister for the conclusion of a threefold treaty for Russia, China and Mongolia, providing for the recognition of the independence of the Mongolian Khan under the rule of P. Kutuktu, Khan of Mongolia and subject to the suzerainty of China.

DUBLIN.—Objection to the vote of Lord Mayor O'Shea, who is an American citizen, was raised in the Parliamentary revision of the session in Cork. The independent Nationalists declared the Mayor, being an alien, had no right to vote in British elections. The question will have to be determined in court.

## CONFESS PORTUGUESE PLOT.

Men Caught Near Premier's Residence Admit Plans of Revolt.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LISBON, Sept. 26.—Five men who were arrested near the residence of Premier Afonso Costa at Praia das Maças last night and in whose possession bombs and automatic pistols were found confessed to-day when brought here that they intended to kill the Prime Minister and instigate a revolt.

El Mundo says the men were delegated by a syndicalist group to explode bombs in the Premier's garden. In this case attention would be attracted to the intended to shoot him down when he appeared at the window. This was to be the signal for a revolt. The men also plotted to kill the Minister of War.

## \$100,000 BOY BANDITS CORNERED BY POSSES

Dynamite Express Car and Riddle Mail Car Near Bibbville, Ala.

### STEAL ENGINE AND ESCAPE

Battle With 100 Pursuers in Vicinity of Tuscaloosa, Where Chase Led.

### Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 26.—Three youthful bandits who held up Queen and Crescent train No. 7, the New York and New Orleans Express, near Bibbville, Ala., soon after midnight, are believed to be cornered near Tuscaloosa, Ala., according to reports received here.

Police Chief George Bodeker of Birmingham is leading the chase, assisted by sheriffs and deputies from half a dozen counties and by railroad special agents from here and many other points. The posse under Bodeker's direction now numbers approximately 100 and it is believed the drag net they have thrown out is certain to result in the robbers' capture. The pursuers have several packs of bloodhounds.

To-night it practically is certain that the amount of the theft will exceed \$100,000. There seems no reason to believe that the robbers are associated with gangs that have accomplished several other daring train holdups during the last several years.

The trainmen say that when the express reached Bibbville, where the signal was fouled and Engineer Daniels stopped to investigate, the pistol was thrust into his face. At the same time two other masked men leaped to the baggage and mail cars.

Fireman Johnson was ordered to cut the baggage and mail car off the train. He refused and was beaten on the head with the butt of a revolver. One of the robbers, while Daniels and Johnson were held back by a pistol muzzle, broke the train in two and ran the cars down the line a short distance.

All the trainmen were taken to the rear of the train and the robbers dynamited the express car, firing three loads. The express safe was blown into bits.

All the registered mail was taken and the trainmen say that when the robbers climbed back into the engine they had two heavy sacks filled with money and every pocket bulging with greenbacks.

Two of the robbers leaned out the windows of the engine cars, revolvers in hand, when one of them, evidently an expert in handling a locomotive, set the engine into his paces. Trailing the express and mail cars, the engine speeded toward Tuscaloosa and disappeared in the darkness.

The engine was running wild through Tuscaloosa and exhausted its steam at Englewood, forty miles from the scene of the robbery. No one was on the engine when it passed through Tuscaloosa and it is believed that the holdup men got off half way between Bibbville and Tuscaloosa.

James Bonner, a Birmingham deputy, was killed by Deputy Sheriff W. J. Cope of Montgomery during the chase. Bonner and Cope were in the caboose of the special train sent in pursuit of the robbers and were arranging to get off when Cope dropped a gun, the contents of which entered Bonner's body. The men had been good friends.

ETAWA, Ala., Sept. 26.—Five men were arrested here as suspects in the robbery of the New York-New Orleans Queen and Crescent Express. Two proved alibis, but the others have been put in jail.

## GREEK KING TO SEE GREY.

Then He Will Go to Athens, Fearing Another War.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Although King Constantine of Greece has shortened his visit abroad, he is not exactly rushing home because of the prospects of another war in the Balkans. He is not expected to reach Athens within ten days. He will confer with Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Minister, in London, before he starts. He is at present at Eastbourne, a seaside resort, and is cutting short his stay there.

The anxiety over the situation at Athens is supposed to be due to the intention of the Ottoman Government to treat Greece as it did Bulgaria in the Greek war. The inference was that the Porte urgently asking that an exact date be fixed for the resumption of the negotiations.

All there are reports at Athens that all Greek officers have been recalled for active service with their commands and that many of the regiments which were disbanded after the conclusion of the campaign against Turkey are being re-mobilized. The fears of the Greeks are shared in some quarters here, but there is nothing very tangible to support them.

## ANOTHER CANAL POSSIBLE.

"Standard" Discredits Report Monroe Doctrine Will Be Involved.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Discussion of the contract secured by S. P. Pearson & Son in Colombia through Lord Murray of Elbank is renewed by the Standard this morning. Many American newspapers have denounced this concession as being a violation of the Monroe Doctrine.

The Standard admits that "it is not improbable" that the construction of a canal by the Atrato route will be undertaken after the concession of Colombia would be willing to grant a concession for this Atrato canal and the contention that the Monroe Doctrine would prevent its construction is denied.

"Monroism," says the Standard, "is loosely held to cover everything which the United States finds inconvenient or detrimental, but we presume it can hardly be enforced without some attempt to justify it on grounds which are commonly recognized by international law and the consent of nations. It would be carrying it far indeed to maintain that the Monroe Doctrine can prevent an independent State from allowing a canal to be made in its own territory."

## LID NOT TO LIFT WHILE WALDO STAYS

Continued from First Page.

day: What does it mean? Did the gamblers have any basis for the belief that they were to be allowed to open? Was Waldo putting it up to the Mayor? Will the Mayor retain Waldo in office?

The inference was that the gamblers and certain policemen had guessed wrong and that they will have to wait for ninety-six days at least before setting the old snare and deadfalls.

There have been numerous applications for new all night licenses. Among the applications on file are Churchill's, Shanley's, Heisenweber's, the Cafe de Paris, Maxim's, the Kaiserhof, Bustanoby's and Raul's (Brooklyn).

The licenses are now in force, having been culled by Mayor Gaynor from the sixty that once flourished. There is a notion among restaurant and saloon men that it won't be long before the list is back to sixty again.

It is expected that Deputy Commissioner Newburger will report to-day to Commissioner Waldo and that such trials may be necessitated by the report will begin next Tuesday.

One of the amusing stories that came out of Waldo's raid in Chinatown is apt to be brought up about that time. When the Commissioner got to 15 Pell street he found the first of three "icebox" doors closed against him. He turned to Capt. Tierney. Tierney said: "Well, what shall we do, Commissioner? Break it in?"

"No," said Waldo softly. "If that door isn't opened legally within five minutes you will cease to be a police captain."

The Commissioner eyed his watch. Presently he said to Tierney: "You have just one minute left."

Then the Key Came Back.

Thirty seconds later the key was materialized out of the night.

At 18 Pell street, at 26 Pell street and at 28 1/2 Pell street there were unmistakable evidences that preparations had been made for an undisturbed run. Heated